North Baddesley Junior School

Whole School Science Map

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
A U	Animals/ humans: Animals, including humans with a scientific enquiry into the breakdown of food.	Animals/humans: Skeletons, bones, joints and muscles. Materials: Solids, liquids and gases -	Forces: Air resistance, water resistance, friction, gravity. Humans: Digestion, circulation	Sound: How sound travels, how sound travel can be blocked, how sound can be changed.
T U M N	Materials: Rocks, fossils and soils Longitudinal Study (1st Visit) Q. How does the pond and the wildlife that lives there change throughout the year?	changing states. Longitudinal Study (1st Visit) Q. How does the animal population change throughout the year within the school grounds?	and respiration. Longitudinal Study Q. Which birds migrate? When do they migrate? When do they return?	onangoa.
SPRING	Light: Reflections, shadows, absorbency of light. Plants: Seeds, bulbs, germination and roots. Longitudinal Study(2 nd visit) Q. How does the pond and the wildlife that lives there change throughout the year?	Materials: Heating, cooling and separating materials, reversible and irreversible changes. Living things: Classifying vertebrates/invertebrates in the Rainforest, adaptation environmental change, human impact on food chains/webs Longitudinal Study (2 nd Visit) Q. How does the animal population change throughout the year within the school grounds?	Earth and Space: Earth, sun, moon and planets, day and night. Electricity: Circuits revised, resistance and conductivity. Longitudinal Study (2 nd visit) Q. Which birds migrate? When do they migrate? When do they return?	Light: How we see, what happens when light hits objects, how light travels Variation and Evolution & Natural selection: variation within population, competition, environmental change, adaptation.
SUMMER	Forces: Magnetic forces. Plants: Parts of the flowering plant, conditions for healthy plant growth. Pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal in flowering plants. Classifying plants. Longitudinal Study (3 rd Visit) Q. How does the pond and the wildlife that lives there change throughout the year? To include conclusions	Electricity: Circuits, switches, conductors and insulators. Longitudinal Study (3 rd visit) Q. How does the animal population change throughout the year within the school grounds? <i>To include conclusions.</i>	Materials: Reversible and irreversible changes, Variation and evolution: Lifecycles and asexual reproduction. Longitudinal Study: (3rd visit) Q. Which birds migrate? When do they migrate? When do they return?	Forces: mechanisms, levers, pulleys and gears. Living things: Reproduction